



榮獲國際權威學術/專業認可_Accredited / recognised by:













中文統考[範例]

<u> </u>	基礎知識	部
		tHX.

- 1. 下列詞語中的劃線字,普通話讀音完全相同的一項是:
 - A. 深惡痛絕 惡語相加 凶神惡煞
 B. 好大喜功 潔身自好 好逸惡勞
 C. 執蓋追求 蓋作等身 功績卓蓋
 D. 望洋興歎 多難興邦 興致勃勃
- 2. 下列詞語中,沒有錯別字的一項是:
 - 縫紉 A. 愜意 狐疑 慷慨激昂 B. 揮霍 歷煉 悲愴 小心翼翼 C. 蕭瑟 清澈 濫用 風起雲擁 D. 警惕 炫耀 釋懷 晃然大悟
- 3. 下列詞語中的"頭"字,不屬於後綴的一項是:
 - A. 苗頭
 - B. 口頭
 - C. 斧頭
 - D. 帶頭
- 4. 下列題詠花卉的句子,不含讚美之意的一項是:
 - A. 玫瑰:你嬌豔美麗的花朵下面,卻有著鋒利的刺,是不是因為你懂得:既 要展示美麗,也要保護自己?
 - B. 曇花:你特意在夜間開放,又在瞬間凋落,是不是向人們昭示:美是短暫的,惟其短暫才更可貴?
 - C. 菊花:你盛開在百花凋零、蜂蝶無蹤的季節,佔盡風頭,是不是要向人間宣告:自己是這個肅殺寒秋的唯一王者?
 - D. 梅花:你面對滿天飛雪,凌寒盛開,暗香飄溢,是不是在告訴人們:不要 畏懼冬天,春天就要到來了?
- 5. 下列詞語中,不全是單純詞的一組是:
 - A. 咖啡流連迷離B. 芙蓉潺潺爛漫C. 從容雷電鏗鏘D. 傀儡嘩响邏輯
- 6. 填入下列句中橫線處的詞句,最恰當的一項是:

其實,4000萬年只是一個保守的説法,太陽的光和熱,完全可能持續更長一些時間。____太陽系內出現某些反常事件,如小行星撞地球,___不太可能在4000萬年內發生,而且人類完全有能力發射有超強破壞力的導彈,使小行星改變航道。所以,地球上的居民,至少在相當長的一個時期。

- A. 即使 也 是不必異想天開的
- B. 即使 也 是大可不必杞人憂天的
- C. 雖然 但 是無須怨天尤人的
- D. 雖然 但 是用不著呼天搶地的

- 7. 下列句子中,沒有錯別字的一項是:
 - A. 那一年,他經過長途跋涉,找到了尋覓多年的古城。
 - B. 在經歷了繁華歲月和歷史蒼桑後,樓蘭終干成為沙漠中的一片斷瓦殘垣。
 - C. 羅布泊很快就與廣闊無垠的大沙漠混然一體了。
 - D. 一片紅葉, 是一首雋詠的小詩, 是一個生命瞬間的昇華。
- 8. 下列句子中,沒有語病的一項是:
 - A. 通過三個星期的集中培訓,已經使數百名志願者順利走上崗位。
 - B. 倘若到粤北山區的路比較遠,可是坐長途汽車去還是相當便利的。
 - C. 各位同學們,讓我們愛書吧,從書中吸收知識的營養和生活的力量。
 - D. 最新的觀測結果證明, 南極附近的深部海水往北能夠一直穿過赤道。
- 9. 下列句子中,與"我請他幫忙"句型相同的一項是:
 - A. 當地文物館的研究員給了我許多珍貴的第一手資料。
 - B. 公司經理派小趙去提款。
 - C. 老人們過年都希望孩子回家團圓。
 - D. 主辦方宣佈比賽延期了。
- 10. 依次填入下文劃線處的語句,銜接順序最恰當的一組是:

在對待自然的態度上,現在大概不會有人公開贊成掠奪性的強盜行徑了, _____。生態不僅是科學問題,而且是倫理問題,正 是倫理為科學規定了界限。

- ① 但是,同為主張善待自然,出發點仍有很大分歧
- ② 我的看法是,兩派都有道理,但説的是不同層次上的道理,而低層次的道理要服從高層次的道理
- ③ 另一派反對人類中心論,認為從根本上說,自然是一個應該敬畏的對象
- ④ 一派強調以人類為中心,從人類長遠利益出發,合理利用自然
- ⑤ 合理利用自然是科學,不管合理的程度多麼高,仍然是科學,而科學必有其界限
- A. (1)(3)(4)(5)(2)
- B. (1)(4)(3)(2)(5)
- C. (5) (1) (3) (4) (2)
- D. (5)(1)(4)(3)(2)
- 11. 下列複句,不是遞進關係的一項是:
 - A. 居澳多年,他不僅能操一口流利的粤語,還通曉葡文。
 - B. 白話文尚且半通不通,何況艱深的文言呢!
 - C. 他不但不領情,反而懷恨在心。
 - D. 剩下的機會已經不多,你環不趕快著手?
- 12. 下列每組詞語中,結構類型不同的一組是:
 - A. 井底之蛙 天作之合 亡命之徒 赤子之心
 - B. 得天獨厚 得隴望蜀 得不償失 得過且過
 - C. 並駕齊驅 高談闊論 粗製濫造 深入淺出
 - D. 魚貫而入 侃侃而談 向隅而泣 迎刃而解

- 13. 下列作品、作家、時代及體裁,對應正確的一項是:
 - A.《醉翁亭記》—— 韓 愈 —— 宋代 —— 散文
 - B.《鳳凰涅槃》——郭沫若 —— 現代 —— 戲劇
 - C. 《老殘遊記》—— 劉 鶚 —— 當代 —— 小説
 - D.《狂人日記》—— 魯 迅 —— 現代 —— 小説
- 14. 下列作品與作品中人物,搭配不正確的一項是:
 - A. 《祝 福》—— 祥林嫂
 - B.《紅樓夢》—— 王熙鳳
 - C. 《水滸傳》 李 逵
 - D.《西游記》—— 范 進
- 15. 依次填入下列句子橫線處的關聯詞語,最恰當的一項是:
 - ① 不給自己設限,人生就有無限可能。
 - ② 在接連被拒絕了62次之後,他終於迎來了第一次上臺的機會。 緊張得額頭冒汗,聽眾反響也不是很理想,這畢竟是他人生中最有意義 的一次嘗試。
 - ③ 他完全是自學成才的。對他來說,不是學校和老師,_____人間社會,給 予了他更多的培養和教育。
 - ④ 人生在世,免不了要遭受苦難,______有些人各方面運氣俱佳,也無法避免那個一切人遲早要承擔的苦難:死亡。
 - A. 不管 除了 卻是 哪怕
 - B. 只有 不僅 但是 哪怕
 - C. 只要 儘管 而是 即使
 - D. 只要 雖然 就是 即使
- 16. 下列句子中,標點符號使用有錯誤的一項是:
 - A. 我曾經反覆思索這起伏田野上的落日為什麼特別豐富——曲綫?層次? 人物活動?抑或角度的眾多?最終承認:僅僅因為它是家園落日。
 - B. 苦難,它使強者更強,弱者更弱;暴者更暴,柔者更柔;智者更智,愚者 更愚。
 - C. "莊生夢蝶" "庖丁解牛" "鯤鵬展翅"都出自《莊子》一書,在我國差不多已成為童蒙皆知的寓言故事了。
 - D. 到場觀眾無比興奮,都急切地等著看今晚的金杯究竟會被誰人捧走。
- 17. 下列各組中,全部屬於會意字的一項是:
 - A. 北 莫 炎 本
 - B. 信 休 取 采
 - C. 心 貝 從 末
 - D. 刃 甘 木 果
- 18. 依次填入下列文中横線上的詞語,最適當的一項是:

那粗如巨蟒、細如草蛇的樹根,盤根錯節,從一個石縫間_____進去,又從 另一個石縫間_____出來.....如果這是一種本能,那麼它正説明生命的本能 是多麼 ,生命有權自認為輝煌壯麗,生機竟是這樣地不可 。

- A. 伸冒寶貴控制B. 撲長壯大克制C. 探伸可貴牽制D. 紮鑽強大遏制
- 19. 下列各句,語言運用得體的一項是:
 - A. 呈上拙作, 請不吝賜教。
 - B. 可否有勞您把郵件送到我的府上?
 - C. 今日是小兒周歲壽辰,略備薄酒,請各位賞光。
 - D. 只是一點微薄的禮物,不成敬意,望您心領。
- 20. 對下列句子使用的修辭手法,判斷正確的一項是:
 - ①人不過是會思想的蘆葦,隨時都會折斷。
 - ②葦葉在遍地野火中噼啪地響,自己涅磐自己唱。
 - ③富貴不能淫,貧賤不能移,威武不能屈。
 - ④我們怎麼會糊塗到連子孫後代賴以維持生計的地球資源都要耗盡呢?
 - A. 比喻 對偶 排比 設問 B. 比喻 擬人 排比 反問 C. 誇張 排比 反覆 比喻 D. 擬人 排比 對偶 借代
- 21. 下列句子中劃線的詞語,感情色彩為貶義的一項是:
 - A. 有幾個園裡有古老的藤蘿,盤曲嶙峋的枝幹就是一幅好畫。開花的時候滿 眼錦繡,令人感到的那種無限的繁華和歡悅,卻不可名狀。
 - B. 駱駝的駝峰據説是美味,我雖未嚐過,可是想想熊掌的味道,大概也<u>不過</u>爾爾。
 - C. 沙漠地帶該是駱駝的<u>用武之地</u>了,但現在沙漠裡聽説竟也用上了現代化的 交通工具。
 - D. 在舊金山最繁華的漁人碼頭旁,居然臥著上百頭野生的大海獅,<u>旁若無人</u> 地打鬥、遊戲、搶地盤,引來無數遊人駐足觀賞。
- 22. 曾幾《三衢道中》: "梅子黃時日日晴,小溪泛盡卻山行。綠陰不減來時路,添得黃鸝四五聲。"下列對詩中末句"添得黃鸝四五聲"的理解有錯誤的一項是:
 - A. 黃鸝的鳴叫襯托出山林的幽靜。
 - B. 黃鸝的鳴叫給詩境增添了生機與活力。
 - C. 黃鸝的鳴叫透露出詩人的歡快與欣悅。
 - D. 黃鸝的鳴叫折射出詩人的寂寞和無奈。
- 23. 依次填入下面句子中横線處的詞語,最恰當的一項是:
 - "志強很幸運,他的聰明才智沒有在事故中喪失。他天生樂觀,從來不___。 最初我們倒是有些____,不過兒子的態度讓我們很快從____中走了出來,跟他一起積極面對現實,往前看。"張媽媽說完了故事,神情還是那樣的。

- A. 悲痛 抱怨 沮喪 恬淡 B. 抱怨 沮喪 悲痛 恬淡 C. 抱怨 悲痛 恬淡 沮喪 b. 抱怨 泪喪 恬淡 悲痛
- 24. 下列句子中,與"溫故而知新"中的詞類活用,性質相同的一項是:
 - A. 中通外直,不蔓不枝。
 - B. 爾安敢輕吾射!
 - C. 吾與汝畢力平險,指通豫南,達於漢陰,可乎?
 - D. 一屠晚歸, 擔中肉盡, 止有剩骨。
- 25. 下列歇後語中,說法有錯誤的一項是:
 - A. 關公門前耍大刀——自投羅網
 - B. 擀麵杖吹火—— 一竅不誦
 - C. 黄鼠狼給雞拜年——沒安好心
 - D. 泥菩薩過河——自身難保
- 26. "我將不愉快都忘到腦後了"中的"將"是:
 - A. 動詞
 - B. 助詞
 - C. 連詞
 - D. 介詞
- 27. 某同學喬遷新居,擬在自己的書房裡掛一副對聯,下列合嫡的一項是:
 - A. 寶劍鋒從磨礪出,梅花香自苦寒來
 - B. 生意興隆誦四海, 財源茂盛達三江
 - C. 天增歲月人增壽,春滿人間福滿門
 - D. 福如東海長流水,壽比南山不老松
- 28. 下列中國思想家中,屬於現當代的一位是:
 - A. 錢 穆
 - B. 王陽明
 - C. 董仲舒
 - D. 朱 熹
- 29. "戰役"和"戰鬥"的主要區別是:
 - A. 語義輕重不同
 - B. 語體色彩不同
 - C. 範圍大小不同
 - D. 感情色彩不同
- 30. 對"老大嫁作商人婦"這一詩句,解釋正確的一項是:
 - A. 家中的大女兒嫁給了商人為婦。
 - B. 大姐嫁人後成了個女商販。
 - C. 年齡最大的一位嫁給了商人為婦。
 - D. 年紀很大了才嫁給商人為婦。

- 31. 澳門大三巴牌坊為聖保祿教堂的前壁遺址,該教堂始建於下列哪一朝代:
 - A. 唐代
 - B. 清代
 - C. 元代
 - D. 明代
- 32. 下列有關中國文學常識的表述,錯誤的一項是:
 - A. 我國文學史上向來以"風騷"並稱, "風"指以《詩經》為代表的現實 主義傳統, "騷"指以屈原《離騷》為代表的浪漫主義傳統。
 - B. 盛行於宋代的詞,有許多不同的詞調,每種詞調各有特定的名稱,叫詞牌,如《西江月》、《念奴嬌》、《永遇樂》等。
 - C. 據司馬遷自述,編寫《資治通鑒》的宗旨是"究天人之際,通古今之變, 成一家之言"。
 - D. "家國之思"是中國古典文學作品中常見主題之一,唐代杜甫的《春望》和南唐李煜的《虞美人》(春花秋月何時了)都抒發了國破家亡之痛。
- 33. 下列人物中,以書法《蘭亭集序》著稱於世的書法家是:
 - A. 王夫之
 - B. 王獻之
 - C. 王安石
 - D. 王羲之
- 34. 下列有關中國現當代文學常識的表述,錯誤的一項是:
 - A.《台北人》是白先勇的短篇小説集,其題材皆有關於1950年代從中國大陸來台灣的形形色色的人們以及他們的生活。
 - B. 老舍,北京人,滿族,一生作品頗豐,除了著有多部長篇小説外,話劇的 藝術成就也頗為突出,代表作為《茶館》。
 - C. 中篇小説《邊城》寄寓著沈從文"美"與"愛"的美學理想,是他表現 人性美最突出的作品。
 - D. 電影《大紅燈籠高高掛》改編自2012年諾貝爾文學獎獲得者莫言的同名小説。
- 35. 下面四句古詩中,與所涉及的傳統節日對應有誤的一項是:
 - A. 但愿人長久,千里共嬋娟——中秋
 - B. 遙知兄弟登高處,遍插茱萸少一人——重陽
 - C. 千門萬戶曈曈日,總把新桃換舊符——端午
 - D. 天階夜色涼如水,卧看牽牛織女星——七夕
- 36. 下列各句中,有歧義的一句是:
 - A. 學校邀請富有經驗的心理諮詢師走進學生和家長中間,就加強師生溝 通、緩解學習壓力等問題進行諮詢服務。
 - B. 三個出版社的編輯都在會上發了言。
 - C. 根據上月的民意調查,現任總統的支持率已經降至最低點。
 - D. 相對於其他許多城市, 澳門的人口密度要大得多。

- 37. 下列句子中的"之",不作代詞的一項是:
 - A. 斯天下之民至焉。
 - B. 秦人視之,亦不甚惜。
 - C. 人非生而知之者。
 - D. 吾道一以貫之。
- 38. 下列各句中,劃線的熟語使用正確的一項是:
 - A. 浙江的一些民企老闆富裕後四處淘古董,聚攏來建個博物館,大多有裝 點門面、附庸風雅之嫌。
 - B. 看雙方的神態,全然沒有劍拔弩張、嚴陣以待的氣勢,倒有幾分閒庭信步、瓜田李下話桑麻的味道。
 - C. 魯迅先生不僅是"五四"新文化運動的偉大旗手,而且也是現代版畫藝術的始作俑者。
 - D. 老師找他談話後,他不但不接受批評,反而<u>百尺竿頭,更進一步</u>,在歧路上越滑越遠。
- 39. 下列宗教中,完全產生於中國本土、不屬於外來宗教的一項是:
 - A. 回 教
 - B. 道 教
 - C. 禪 宗
 - D. 喇嘛教
- 40. 下列句子中,不屬於賓語前置句式的一項是:
 - A. 以一敵百,雖猛必不勝。
 - B. 古之人不余欺也!
 - C. 子何恃而往?
 - D. 時人莫之許也。

二 · 閱讀理解

(一) 古代文選

閱讀下面的文章,完成41-45題。

舜發於畎畝之中,傅説舉於版築之間,膠鬲舉於魚鹽之中,管夷吾舉於士,孫叔敖舉於 海,百里奚舉於市。

故天將降大任於是人也,必先苦其心志,勞其筋骨,餓其體膚,空乏其身,行拂亂其所為;所以動心忍性,曾益其所不能。

人恆過,然後能改;困於心,衡於慮,而後作;徵於色,發於聲,而後喻。 入則無法家 拂士,出則無敵國外患者,國恆亡。

然後知生於憂患而死於安樂也。

(《孟子·告子下》)

- 41. 對文中"動心"一詞,解釋正確的一項是:
 - A. 心裡感動
 - B. 對外界心動
 - C. 使(他的)心靈受震撼
 - D. 改變心思
- 42. "人恆過,然後能改"一句,解釋正確的一項是:
 - A. 人一直是有過失的,只要以後能改就可以了。
 - B. 人總是在犯過錯誤之後才能有所改變。
 - C. 人常常有過失,這樣以後, (能從中受到教訓)才能改正。
 - D. 人一直有過失, 這樣以後, (能從中受到教訓)才能改正。
- 43. 有關本文的通假字,下述列舉中不正確的一項是:
 - A. 天將降大任於是人也 "是" 诵"斯", 這
 - B. 曾益其所不能 "曾"通"增",增加
 - C. 困於心,衡於慮 "衡"通"横",梗塞
 - D. 入則無法家拂士 "拂"通"弼",輔佐
- 44. 本文的中心論點是:
 - A.不經磨難無以成聖腎。
 - B.人恆過,然後能改。
 - C.家國存亡之任,在於聖賢。
 - D.生於憂患,死於安樂。
- 45. 本文各段均以修辭手法增強表達效果,下列分析不正確的一項是:
 - A. 第一段運用排比連舉典型事例,極有氣勢。
 - B. 第二段亦用排比描述,內容緊湊而連貫,緊緊把握住了讀者的思維方向。
 - C. 第三段以反語來分清是非,判斷正誤。
 - D. 第四段以內含對偶的語句來收束全篇,水到渠成。

(二) 現代文選

閱讀下面的文章,完成46-50題

匹夫有責論

去年我的《匹夫無責論》獲得不少讀者的好評。大家都欣賞我講得爽快尖銳, "<u>發人之所未發, 言人之所不敢言</u>",但也有幾位讀者心中還有疙瘩。一位老友來信說: "誠如兄所言,難道我們這十億匹夫,與國家興亡真是毫無關係嗎?"這責問是很嚴肅的。我不能不再寫一篇《匹夫有責論》來作辯解和補充。

問題的焦點在顧炎武所説的"天下興亡"。這"天下"二字,在古文習慣用法中意義常是不固定的,可指全世界,指全國,指一個朝代,也可指許多朝代。古人沒有今人的國家意識,他們往往把一個朝代、一個政權稱為"天下"。顧炎武憂心忡忡地大叫"天下興亡,匹夫有責",是為明朝政權的危機而發急的。朱元璋贏得了蒙古人的政權,顧炎武就説是"天下"興了;朱由檢在煤山上自盡,李自成入京,他就說"天下"亡了。

因此,我在《匹夫無責論》中所舉的興亡例子,都是一個朝代的興亡。天下興,是堯舜、禹湯、文武、周公的功勞,也説不上責任。天下亡,是桀紂、陳後、隋煬、宋徽的責任,自負盈虧,都和"匹夫"無關。<u>匹夫既不能興國,也不會亡國</u>。天下興亡,對匹夫來説,只是換一個奴隸主罷了。

"天下"一詞我們現在不用了,即使做古文也不敢用了。目前這個語詞的意義是"國際"、"世界"、"寰球"等。將來有了"星際關係",這個詞就該報廢了。

在我們中國這一塊東亞大陸上,有過許多朝代互相更換或同時並存。漢、唐、宋、元、明、清,是中國;戰國七雄、三國、十六國、南北朝、五代十國,儘管各自擁有"國"的名稱,但在匹夫們和歷史學家的觀念裡,也屬於一個中國。我們有許多民族,雖然華夏到漢曾經龐然獨大,但一切蠻、夷、戎、狄,儘管各自有自己的政治、經濟、社會結構,甚至國號,但他們都屬於一個中華民族。"率土之濱,莫非王臣""四海之內,皆兄弟也"。

民族有消長,朝代有興亡,而中國始終存在。中國匹夫們對國家負責,在多少風狂雨驟、 山崩地裂的天災人禍之後,始終保持這個國家不自亡,也不被亡。中國的偉大,歸根結底應歸 功於中國的"匹夫",而聖君賢臣、官僚政客不與焉!

(作者:施蟄存。有刪改)

- 46. 題目"匹夫有責論"中"匹夫"的含義是:
 - A. 士大夫

 - B. 奴隸 C. 尋常個人
 - D. 古人
- 47. 文中"匹夫既不能興國,也不會亡國"中的"國"的含義是:
 - A. 明朝
 - B. 一個王朝
 - C. 中華民族
 - D. 歷史上的中國
- 48. 下列概括,不屬於本文寫作目的一項是:
 - A. 重新評價顧炎武
 - B. 回應讀者的疑問
 - C. 消除《匹夫無責論》可能導致的誤解
 - D. 澄清《匹夫無責論》的本意
- 49. 對文中下列語句,理解有錯誤的一項是:
 - A. 發人之所未發, 言人之所不敢言: 闡發別人沒闡發過的, 說出別人不敢 説的。
 - B. 率土之濱, 莫非王臣:沿著王土的邊涯, 無不是王的臣民。
 - C. 四海之內,皆兄弟也:普天之下,皆為兄弟。
 - D. 聖君賢臣、官僚政客不與焉:聖君賢臣、官僚政客不可與語啊。
- 50. 下列觀點中,不屬於作者闡述要點的一項是:
 - A. 有些詞語古今詞義有所變化,應在歷史情境中理解。
 - B. 今人不應曲解古人的觀點。
 - C. 作者無意誤導讀者漠視國家興亡。
 - D. 中國的匹夫們從來都是對中國負責的,也將永遠心繫中國的興亡。

General English Exam (past paper)

Section 1 Grammar

has had

Ins	tructions:	Choose the one alternative that best completes the sentence. (1 mark each)
1.	Just a n	noment. I will put you to the right department.
	a)	an
	b)	for
	c)	through
	d)	upon
2.	The wait	ter has brought five pizzas! We have got pizzas for only three people.
	a)	too much
	b)	too many
	c)	too few
	d)	too little
3.	Don't b	e about saying what you really think.
	a)	embarrass
	b)	embarrassing
	c)	embarrassed
	d)	to embarrass
4.	The traff	fic in Macao is much before.
	a)	worse than
	b)	bad as
	c)	the worst
	d)	worse
5.	My little	sister denied the rest of the chocolates.
	a)	to eat
	b)	eat
	c)	eaten
	d)	eating
6.	Her husb	pand is a taxi driver, so he usually home very late.
	a)	gets
	b)	got
	c)	has got
	d)	is getting
7.	I must g	go to the hairdresser's soon, because my hair very long.
	a)	gets
	b)	is getting
	c)	got
	d)	get
8.	Liza _	her car for over five years, and she is still happy with it.
	a)	has
	b)	is having
	c)	has been having

10

9. It w	vas raining heavily when we finally at the station.	17. "Just relax, Anthony. As soon as your sprained ankle heals, you can
a)	arrive	play soccer again. At this time next week, you soccer again."
b)	arrived	a) will have been playing
c)	were arriving	b) will be playing
d)	have arrived	c) will have played
		d) will play
10. As s	soon as the film, Helen realized that she it before.	
a)	started; has seen	18 "You haven't eaten anything since yesterday afternoon. You be really hungry!"
b)	had started; saw	a) had to
c)	started; saw	b) will
d)	started; had seen	c) must
,		d) can
11. I	on the three o' clock train unless the meeting finishes late.	
a)	will be	19. "Why are you so sure that John didn't commit the crime he's been accused of committing?"
b)	am	"He that crime because I was with him, and we were out of town that day."
c)	was	a) mustn t have committed
d)	have been	b) shouldn't have committed
α)	nave cool	c) couldn't have committed
12 Spar	nish in Spain and Mexico.	d) may not have committed
a)	speaks	d) may not have committed
b)	is spoken	20. There was a very basketball game on TV last night, but I was a
c)	is speaking	bit that my team lost.
d)	spoke	
u)	Spoke	
12 Tode	ov mony sprious shildhood disposes by parly immunization	b) excitingsurprising
	ay, many serious childhood diseases by early immunization.	c) excitedsurprised
a)	are preventing	d) excitedsurprising
b)	can prevent	01 "D 1 1 1 1 10"
c)	prevent	21. "Does anybody know on the ground?"
d)	can be prevented	a) that how long this plane will be
1.4 \$7		b) how long this plane will be
	have to pay extra if you take too with you.	c) how long will this plane be
a)	much luggages	d) how long will be this plane
b)	many luggages	
c)	much luggage	22. The owner of the building supply store doesn't mind his
d)	many luggage	customers discounts when they buy in large quantities.
"		a) to be given
	etoria is going to be famous someday. She in three movies already."	b) being given
"I n	m sure she'll be a super star."	c) to give
a)	has appeared	d) giving
b)	has been appearing	
c)	appeared	23. "Why didn't you tell me you were having so many problems?"
d)	is appearing	"I you, but I figured you had enough to worry about without my
		problems, so I said nothing."
16. The	farmer's barn caught on fire some time during the night. By the	a) would tell
	e the firefighters arrived, the building to the ground.	b) would have told
It w	vas a total loss.	c) would be telling
a)	had burned	d) had told
b)	burned	
c)	had been burning	
d)	was burning	

24.	It woul	ld have been a much more serious accident fast at the time.		owadays computer users are careful and will	any dangerous emails or files so
	a)	if she drove	the	ey won't get any computer virus.	
	b)	had she been driving	a) deplete	
	c)	she had driven	b) dilate	
	d)	was she driving	c) delete	
			d) delay	
Section	2 Vc	ocabulary	20 D		. 1
T	4			trick is fond of numbers and has always wanted to distinguish the distinguishment of the first triangles.	to become a/an focusing on tax
Ins	struction	s: Choose the one alternative that best completes the sentence. (1 mark each)	ai		
25	Datter f	Calt homers when Andre her to his anodysation months	b		
23.		felt happy when Andy her to his graduation party.			
	a)	inverted	c _.		
	b)	invited	u) Contestant	
	c)	invoiced	22 0-	ora, a fathan manta ta manufactura tana in Masan	and he has mented a multimes
	d)	interfered		ven's father wants to manufacture toys in Macau	i so he has rented a unit in a
				ilding.	
26.	In orde	er to increase sales, they decided to sell their products by holding in	a		
	shoppi	ng centres.	b	•	
	a)	promotions	c) library	
	b)	punctuations	d) factory	
	c)	predictions			
	d)	pronunciations		ephen is from a poor family and his father often lake ends meet.	has to money from friends to
27.	Daniel '	s parents love music so they sent him to learn to play the when he was a	a) rent	
	small b		b) lend	
	a)	plane	c) borrow	
	b)	panel	d) bore	
	c)	piano			
	d)	pasta	35. To	improve sales the company has decided to give	big to all customers, in the
	u)	pubu		pe that with the money saved, they will spend m	
28	Ienny e	enjoys playing tennis but is not always able to find a to play with.	aj		C
20.			b		
	a)	companion	c		
	b)	comparison	d		
	c)	champagne · ·	u) miscounts	
	d)	commission	36 M	ost big companies have many separate	each focusing on a different function
20					each locusing on a different function.
29.		ompany is making big money every year. It is very	a) b	_	
	a)	succeed	b		
	b)	success	C)	•	
	c)	succeeded	d) detachments	
	d)	successful	37 Th	e disagreement between the management and the	workers led to a
20	NT: 1 ,		37. III		workers led to a
30.		s company really needs more office like fax machines and photocopiers.			
	a)	excitement	b		
	b)	equipment	C)		
	c)	entertainment	d) walkover	
	d)	assignment	38. Th	e main techniques used in drawing are line drawing	ing, blending and
			a) kicking	
			b) shading	
			C	drilling	

d) hammering 15

39.			ceived clearly because of	caused by the poor weather.
	a)	interference		
	b)	blockage		
	c)	manipulation		
	d)	adventure		
40.	The d	rugs the doctor	have made me feel drow	sy and I should not drive.
	a)	prescribed		
	b)	operated		
	c)	discharged		
	d)	opened		
41.	I turn	to the	of the newspaper to read about t	the private lives of celebrities.
	a)	editorial		_
	b)	gossip column		
	c)	comic strip		
	d)	horoscope		
42.	The g	overnment official v	vasto have accepted	a bribe.
	a)	attacked		
	b)	anticipated		
	c)	appointed		
	d)	alleged		
43.	She us	sed the	_to hold two sheets of paper toget	ther.
	a)	paperclip		
	b)	punch		
	c)	scale		
	d)	eraser		
44.	I can	t and	have a good time while there is s	still work to be done.
	a)	sit back		
	b)	stand up		
	c)	run after		
	d)	break in		
45.	I am a	afraid I am not	to comment on this case	2.
	a)	in demand		
	b)	in a whisper		
	c)	in person		
	d)	in a position		
46.	We ha	ad to pay	to get a hotel room as we had a	rrived at a busy time.
	a)	upper hand		
	b)	cold feet		
	c)	through the nose		
	d)	a straight face		

47.	They don	t know the about running this kind of business.
	a)	first thing
	b)	two minds
	c)	eleventh hour
	d)	second to none
48.	Amy: I ca	n t stand spicy food!
	Betty:	·
	a)	I don't believe you!

Section 3 Reading

Passage # 1

b)

c)

How embarrassing! Serves you right!

Neither can I!

Instructions: Read the following passage and for each question below it choose the one best alternative from (a), (b), (c), (d). (1 mark each)

9-YEAR-OLD BOY SAVES FRIEND'S LIFE IN ICY POND By Karen Massie

Nine-year-old Victor Flores is being called a hero after saving a friend who fell through an icy pond.

Flores said he was a bit reluctant on Monday to walk close to a man-made pond on his grandfather's property in the Amador County town of Pioneer. He explained that when he was there a week ago with a seven-year-old neighbour, the ground was covered with two feet of snow and the pond had iced over.

Flores said he and his friend, Aiden, were chasing some ducks when Aiden decided to venture out onto the ice. "I told him not to do it," Flores said. "But he kept saying come on, it's okay." Within minutes the fragile ice broke and Aiden fell into the frigid water that was about 15 feet deep.

Flores tried to grab his friend. "And then I slipped on the edge of the pond and I fell in, too," Flores said. "I was shivering and I lost both of my boots as soon as I fell in."

He also lost his hat but probably didn t notice because Aiden panicked and was flailing in the water. Flores explained, "He was screaming my name and trying to pull me under so he could stand on me."

But Flores kept his cool and pulled Aiden toward the steep concrete rimming the pond. "I grabbed onto a crack at the edge and pulled myself out," said Flores. "Then I ran and got a pole to pull him out. But Aiden was having a hard time holding on and kept slipping off."

Flores didn't give up and was finally able to haul his friend out with the help of his grandmother. She ran to the pond when she realized the boys were in trouble.

"When we arrived Aiden was very, very cold and in shock from being in the cold water," said California Fire Department Captain Mark Chatterton, who was among the rescue workers called to the scene.

Chatterton was surprised to learn that Flores had the presence of mind to pull his friend to safety. "They could have both drowned," Chatterton said. "In my mind he was the true hero of this incident. We just came in and took over the efforts that he started."

Both boys were transported to the hospital but recovered and were sent home.

Questions 49-54:

Choose the one best alternative from the four options (a), (b), (c) and (d):

- 49. In the account, who saved the boy from drowning?
 - a) Flores.
 - b) Captain Mark Chatterton.
 - c) Flores grandfather.
 - d) Aiden.
- 50. What does 'frigid' water mean?
 - a) Lukewarm water.
 - b) Very hot water.
 - c) Cool water.
 - d) Very cold water.
- 51. How did the boys get into the water?
 - The ducks chased the boys into the pond.
 - b) Flores pushed Aiden into the water.
 - c) The boys went swimming in the pond.
 - d) The ice broke and they fell into the water.
- 52. The ice on the pond was...
 - a) two feet deep.
 - b) fragile and easily broken.
 - c) not easily broken.
 - d) fifteen feet deep.
- 53. What showed Aiden had panicked?
 - a) He was wildly hitting the water and screaming.
 - b) He had lost his hat.
 - c) He couldn't hang onto the pole.
 - d) He was very, very cold.
- 54. 'Flores kept his cool' means.....
 - a) He found his hat and put in on his head.
 - b) He didn't mind that he was cold.
 - c) He became angry and lost his temper.
 - d) He did not panic and helped his friend.

Passage # 2

Instructions: Read the following passage and for each question below it choose the one best alternative from (a), (b), (c), (d). (1 mark each)

THE WARMEST WELCOME By Harmiani Octaviamin

In July last year, I was on my first overseas journey from Bali to join my husband, who had moved to Australia two months before to study. I was loaded up with baggage and two small kids (four-and-a-half and two-and-a-half years old at the time). I was so worried that I wouldn't be able to manage the journey on my own, I was unable to get excited about my children being reunited with their beloved daddy.

I am a Muslim and wear a veil and, as I had never been to Australia, I did not know how my appearance would be received. But I had to go.

My uncle drove us to the airport. With my younger son on my hip, I had to push the baggage trolley while keeping a close eye on my older son. It was an exhausting balancing act.

On the plane, my children played for a while then fell asleep. Now I could relax, I thought, and I watched a couple of movies. But my children were sleeping so soundly I couldn't wake them up when we landed in Darwin. How could I get them both off the plane and also manage our luggage?

"Do you want us to hold the children?" asked a friendly woman. "Yes, please!" I replied. "Thank you." Smiling, she picked up my older son and her friend, another woman, carried my youngest. I had to go through immigration before collecting my luggage - all the while, my two boys slept on. But the two women very patiently waited until I was finished with immigration. In the luggage-claim lounge, a man in his 40s gave me a hand as he saw me struggling to take my big bags off the conveyor belt.

The two women were still holding my sons when we met my husband in the arrivals lounge. We thanked them all for their golden hearts and wished them good days for the rest of their lives. This episode impressed us so much – what a nice welcome to Australia!

Questions 55- 60:

Choose the one best alternative from the four options (a), (b), (c) and (d):

- 55. Why was the woman travelling?
 - a) She was going to Australia with her kids to join her husband.
 - b) She was going to Bali with her kids to join her husband.
 - c) She was going to Australia to take her kids to school.
 - d) She was going to Bali to take her kids to school.
- 56. What was unusual about the woman's appearance?
 - a) She had two kids.
 - b) She was wearing a Muslim veil.
 - c) She had never been to Australia.
 - d) She had a lot of baggage.
- 57. Who drove her to the airport?
 - a) Her husband.
 - b) Her younger son.
 - c) Her older son.
 - d) Her uncle.
- 58. How did the two women help her get off the plane?
 - a) They carried her luggage.
 - b) They lifted her veil.
 - c) They carried her children.
 - d) They helped her get her bags off the conveyor belt.
- 59. How did the man in his 40s help her?
 - a) He carried her younger son.
 - b) He carried her older son.
 - c) He waited until she was finished with immigration.
 - d) He helped her get her bags off the conveyor belt.
- 60. Who met the woman and her two kids in the arrivals lounge?
 - a) Her uncle.
 - b) Her husband.
 - c) The flight attendant.
 - d) The pilot.

Passage # 3

Instructions: Read the following passage and for each question below it choose the one best alternative from (a), (b), (c), (d). (1 mark each)

Hydroelectric power for Africa from Congo Dam

The Congo River has the largest water mass of all African rivers. It also has the potential to produce renewable energy for millions of people.

Recently South Africa has signed a deal with the Democratic Republic of Congo in which it agrees to buy large amounts of electricity from the African country's water power stations.

The Grand Inga, when completed, will create almost as much power as the Three Gorges Dam in China. The hydroelectric power station will be built in a valley about 50 km upstream from the mouth of the Congo River. Up to 6 separate power stations will produce over 40,000 megawatts of electricity.

The project will get money from the World Bank and other development banks around the world. South Africa, the continent's largest industrial country, is also expected to pour billions into the project. Nigeria and Egypt have already announced that they are willing to buy energy from the new dams.

The first generator is scheduled to produce electricity as soon as 2020, a time when much of Africa will be in desperate need of power.

The dams are being constructed in a country where only 10% of the population have electricity. Especially in remote villages, electric power is rare and often turned on only for a few hours a week. Sometimes there are only small generators that produce barely enough electricity to power up the villagers cell phones. Many people depend on candles for light.

There are already critical voices in Congo who are against the dam project. They claim that most of the energy will go to other countries and will only make the corrupt government richer. Large parts of the population will continue to be without energy.

The project s supervisors, however, say that The Grand Inga project will be completely funded with money from foreign investors.

Two existing dams in the region date back to the 1960s and 1970s. According to energy experts, if the government had modernized them they could produce enough power for most of the African country.

Questions 61 – 66:

Choose the one best alternative from the four options (a), (b), (c) and (d):

- 61. How will the construction of the Grand Inga dam be funded?
 - a) With money from the World Bank.
 - b) With investment from foreign development banks.
 - c) With billions of dollars from South Africa.
 - d) All of the above.
- 62. Which of the following countries will Congo export electricity to?
 - a) South Africa.
 - b) Egypt.
 - c) Nigeria.
 - d) All of the above.
- 63. Which of the following statements describes the current status of electricity supply in Congo?
 - a) Electric lighting is available for many people.
 - b) The already existing dams provide enough electricity for most of the country.
 - c) Only a small portion of the population have electricity.
 - d) People in remote villages have electricity several hours every day.
- 64. Some people in Congo do not support the Grand Inga project because...
 - a) They are against investment by South Africa.
 - b) They think the project is too costly.
 - c) They are worried that government officials will benefit more than ordinary people.
 - d) They are worried that the project will not create enough job opportunities.
- 65. According to the article, which one of the following statements is true about the hydroelectric power station constructed near the Congo River?
 - a) It will supply electricity to all of Congo's population.
 - b) It will be financially supported by the government of Congo.
 - c) It will be completely funded by foreign investment.
 - d) It will be the largest hydroelectric power station in the world.
- 66. How many already existing dams does Congo currently have?
 - a) One.
 - b) Two.
 - c) Three.
 - d) Six.

Passage # 4

nstructions: Read the following passage and for each question below it choose the one best alter native from (a), (b), (c), (d). (1 mark each)

BALD EAGLES by Scot Hoffman

A bald eagle's white head may make it look bald. But actually the name originally comes from an old English word, "balde," meaning white. These graceful birds have been the national symbol of the United States since 1782. Bald eagles were on the brink of extinction because of hunting and pollution. But laws created almost 40 years ago have helped protect them, and they we made a comeback.

Female bald eagles are a bit bigger than males. Their bodies can be 3 feet (1 meter) long, and their wingspan can be 8 feet (2.4 meters) across. That s about the distance from the floor to the ceiling! Babies, called eaglets, are born light gray, then turn brown. When they are 4 to 5 years old, they develop their normal white heads and tails. In the wild, they can live to be 35 years old or more.

Eagle nests are called aeries (pronounced "AIR-ees"). Bald eagles build their nests at the very top of tall trees so the eggs will be safe. Some parents come back year after year to the same nest, adding more sticks, twigs, and grass each time. One old nest in Florida grew to 9 feet (2.7 meters) wide and 20 feet (6.1 meters) tall and weighed more than 4,000 pounds (1,814 kilograms).

One of the most awesome sights in nature is a bald eagle swooping down from the sky to grab a fish. They can soar over 10,000 feet (3,048 meters) high, and their great eyesight lets them see fish up to a mile (1.6 kilometers) away. When they attack, they drop down at up to 100 miles (161 kilometers) an hour! Then they glide just above the water, snag a fish with their feet, and fly off to eat it.

These carnivorous birds can only lift about half their body weight. If they catch a fish that weighs more than that, they might hang onto it with their talons and "swim" to shore using their huge wings.

Questions 67- 72:

Choose the one best alternative from the four options (a), (b), (c) and (d):

- 67. The name "bald eagle" originally refers to
 - a) the bird s bald head
 - b) the bird s white head
 - c) the bird s graceful movements
 - d) the bird s white wings
- 68. Which one of the following statements is NOT true?
 - a) Bald eagles are the national symbol of the US.
 - b) There are laws that protect bald eagles.
 - c) Bald eagles became extinct 40 years ago.
 - d) Female bald eagles are slightly bigger than males.
- 69. What color are baby bald eagles when they are born?
 - a) gray
 - b) white
 - c) brown
 - d) black
- 70. Where do bald eagles usually build their nests?
 - a) In the grass.
 - b) Just above the water.
 - c) At the top of trees.
 - d) Close to people's houses.
- 71. How high can bald eagles fly?
 - a) 8 feet
 - b) 9 feet
 - c) 20 feet
 - d) 10,000 feet
- 72. How do bald eagles usually catch a fish?
 - a) By diving under water.
 - b) By using their great eyesight from the top of a tree.
 - c) By dropping down from the sky and grabbing a fish with their feet.
 - d) By swimming in the water using their huge wings.

數學統考(範例)

Choose the best answer for each question. 請選出每題之最佳答案。

1.	4 ^x	• $8^{x} =$
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٥,	29x	(h)	28x		١	26x	(4)	25x	(a)	2^{4x}
a,	12^{9x}	(D)	12^{8x}	(\mathbf{C}))	2^{6x} ((a)	12^{5x} (e)	7

2. The length of each side of square A is increased by 100 percent to make square B. If the length of the side of square B is increased by 50 percent to make square C, by what percent is the area of square C greater than the sum of the areas of squares A and B? 将正方形 A 的每條邊長增加百分之百得出正方形 B 。若將正方形 B 的每條邊長增加百分之五十得出正方形 C,則 C 的面積比 A 與 B 的面積總和多百分之幾?

- (a) 50% (b) 75% (c) 80% (d) 150% (e) 180%
- 3. If a fair coin is tossed 4 times, what is the probability that at least 3 of the 4 tosses will come up heads?

若將一枚公正硬幣拋擲 4 次,其中至少 3 次擲得正面的概率是多少?

- (a) 5/8 (b) 5/16 (c) 7/8 (d) 7/16 (e) 9/32
- 4. The average of 6 consecutive integers is 18.5. What is the average of the first 5of these integers?

6 個連續整數的平均值是 18.5。其中首 5 個整數的平均值是多少?

- (a) 12.5 (b) 15 (c) 16 (d) 17.5 (e) 18
- 5. A car salesman earns \$6,000 salary each month plus 10 percent commission on the value of his sales. If he earned \$20,000 last month, what was the total value of his sales?
 —個汽車銷售員每月的底薪是 \$6,000,此外可賺取銷售額的 10% 的佣金。若上個月他的收入為\$20,000,他的銷售額是多少?
 - (a) \$140,000 (b) \$150,000 (c) \$160,000 (d) \$170,000 (e) \$180,000
- 6. If $m \triangle n$ is defined by the equatio $m \triangle n = \frac{m^2 n + 1}{mn}$ for all nonzero m and n, then $3 \triangle 1 =$

若 $m \triangle n$ 由方程 $m \triangle n = \frac{m^2 - n + 1}{mn}$ 所定義,其中 m 和 n 為非零實數,則 3 ▲ 1 =

(a) 9/4 (b) 3 (c) 11/3 (d) 6 (e) 9

	(a) 25	(b) 45	(c) 50	(d) 125	(e) 150		已知一個 求 (h - k
8.		8 and 2m > 24 48 及 2m > 24		•	f the following?		(a) - 88
	石 3m < 2 (a) 6	(b) 8	,则 m り配守 (c) 10	(d) 12	(e) 14	15.	The graph (x_2, y_2) .
0	, ,		. ,	. ,			已知 b > (x ₂ , y ₂),
9.	much mor	ney as Robert.	How much mo	ney does Robe			(a) x ₁ +
	湯姆比羅 有多少錢		湯姆在雜貨店	·用去 \$20 後,	他有的錢是羅伯特的 5 倍。羅伯特		(b) $x_1 + (c) x_1 + (d) x_1 + (d)$
	(a) \$90	(b) \$50	(c) \$40	(d) \$20	(e) \$10		(e) $x_1 +$
10.	amount. V	What was the n	et percent chan	ge in the size	ncreased it by 25 percent of the new of the workforce? 這間工廠結果增加/減少了百分之幾\	16.	Two non other two 一矩形的
	· /	• • •	加 5%加 9%				(a) 1
	(c) 10% (d) 5%	% increase 增 decrease 減	加 10% 少 5% 沙 10%			17.	Three dit two of th 從集合 {
11.			_	, , ,	$tisfy xy - 3x^2 = 12?$		續的,共
	有多少 個	可能的正整數	. 解 (x, y) 滿足	$xy - 3x^2 = 12$!		(a) 20
	(a) 3	(b) 4	(c) 5	(d) 6	(e) 8	18.	The inver
12.		sum of all inte 350 之間所有	_		ese last digits are 1.		equation 已知函數 之 x。
	(a) 5880	(b) 5539	(c) 5208	(d) 4877	(e) 4566		(a) $\sqrt{4b}$
13.	2 Austral 3 Canadia the proba 一所國際 人,B 組	ians, 4 Americans and 4 Chinability that the 琴學校的三年級	ans and 5 Chinese. If one students set by 要生被分成兩、,3 位加拿大	ese, while grou lent is selected elected are of d f組。A 組有 2 大及4位中國	into two groups. Group A contains ip B contains 3 Australians, randomly from each group, what is ifferent nationalities? 位澳洲人,4位美國人及 5 位中國因人。若從每組中隨機抽出一位學生	19.	In ΔABG 24cm², fir 在 ΔABG , 求它的
26							

An alloy of tin and copper has 6 pounds of copper for every 2 pounds of tin. If 200 pounds

某銅錫合金的銅、錫含量的比例為 6:2。若要製成 200 磅的這種合金,需要多少磅的

of this alloy are made, how many pounds of tin are required?

7.

錫?

(a) 0.2182	(b) 0.2364	(c) 0.6545	(d) 0.7636	(e) 0.8182
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14. The first 3 terms of an arithmetic sequence are h, 6, k, and the first 3 terms of a geometric sequence are h, 5, k. Find the value of $(h - k)^2$.

已知一個算術數列的首三項為 h,6,k,一個幾何級數的首三項為h,5,k。 求 $(h-k)^2$ 之值。

- a) 88 (b) 44 (c) 88 (d) 94 (e) 144
- The graphs of y = b |x a| and y = |x + a| for b > 2a > 0 intersect at (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) . Which of the following is true? 已知 b > 2a > 0,且函數 y = b |x a| 及y = |x + a|的圖形相交於 (x_1, y_1) 及 (x_2, y_2) ,則下列何者為真?
 - (a) $x_1 + x_2 = -a$ and (\nearrow) $y_1 + y_2 = -b$
 - (b) $x_1 + x_2 = a \text{ and } (\nearrow) y_1 + y_2 = b$
 - (c) $x_1 + x_2 = 0$ and (\mathbb{Z}) $y_1 + y_2 = b$
 - (d) $x_1 + x_2 = b$ and $(\nearrow) y_1 + y_2 = a$
 - (e) $x_1 + x_2 = 0$ and $(\nearrow) y_1 + y_2 = b/2$
- Two nonadjacent vertices of a rectangle are (4, 3) and (-4, -3). The coordinates of the other two vertices are integers. How many such rectangles are there?

 —矩形的兩個不相鄰頂點為 (4, 3) 及 (-4, -3),而其餘兩個頂點的坐標皆為整數,共有多少個這樣的矩形?
 - (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5
- 17. Three different numbers in increasing order are chosen from {1, 2, 3, ..., 10} so that no two of the numbers are consecutive. How many different ways are there? 從集合 {1, 2, 3, ..., 10} 中依增加次序選出三個不同的數,但其中沒有任何兩個數是連續的,共有多少個不同選擇方式?
 - a) 20 (b) 48 (c) 54 (d) 56 (e) 72
- 18. The inverse function of $x^2 b$ for $x \ge 0$ is $\sqrt{x+b}$, where b > 0. Find the solution of the equation $x^2 b = \sqrt{x+b}$ for x.

己知函數 x^2 - b (x ≥ 0) 的反函數是 $\sqrt{x+b}$,其中 b > 0,解方程 x^2 - $b = \sqrt{x+b}$ 中之 x。

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{4b+1}+1}{2}$$
 (b) $\frac{\sqrt{2b+1}+1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{\sqrt{b+1}+1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{\sqrt{b+1}}{2}$ (e) $\sqrt{b+1}$

19. In \triangle ABC, P is the circumcentre, \angle B = 90° and BP = 5 cm. If the area of the triangle is 24cm², find its perimeter.

在 \triangle ABC 中,P 點是外接圓心, \angle B = 90° 及 BP = 5 cm。若三角形的面積是 24 cm²,求它的周界。

(a) 14 cm (b) 19 cm (c) 24 cm (d) 26 cm (e) 28 cm

20.	John rolls four standard six-sided dice and finds that the product of the numbers of the upper faces
	is 144. Which of the following could not be the sum of the four upper faces?
	約翰投擲 4 顆標準有六面的骰子,發現朝上的數字之積為 144。下列哪一個不可能是四個朝上的
	數字之和?

(a) 14 (b) 15 (c) 16 (d) 17 (e) 18



25. a b c d e

入學試答案紙 Admission Exam Answer Sheet

候選人編號(6位數字)

注意事項/Remarks

		Candidate number (six digits)
請在右側正確填寫及塗填候選人編號,否 Please write and fill your candidate number in considered invalid; 請用 2B鉛筆 填滿空格; Please use a 2B pencil to fill in the rectangle 若使用原子筆塗填,請以右側所示方式修Please correct your selection like this if you us不准使用塗改液; Please do not use whiteout; 請在答案紙清楚寫上姓名、身份證號及考Please fill in the Name, the I.D. No. and Examuse 姓名/Name :	例: (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
身份證號/I.D. No.:		<u></u>
a b c d e 1. a b c d e 2. a b c d e	a b c d e 26. a b c d e 27. a b c d e	a b c d e 51. a b c d e 52. a b c d e
3. a b c d e 4. a b c d e 5. a b c d e	28. a b c d e 29. a b c d e 30. a b c d e	53. a b c d e 55. a b c d e
6. a b c d e 7. a b c d e 8. a b c d e 9. a b c d e 10. a b c d e	31. a b c d e 32. a b c d e 33. a b c d e 34. a b c d e 35. a b c d e	56. a b c d e 57. a b c d e 58. a b c d e 59. a b c d e 60. a b c d e
11. a b c d e 12. a b c d e 13. a b c d e 14. a b c d e 15. a b c d e	36. a b c d e 37. a b c d e 38. a b c d e 39. a b c d e 40. a b c d e	61. a b c d e 62. a b c d e 63. a b c d e 64. a b c d e 65. a b c d e
16. a b c d e 17. a b c d e 18. a b c d e 19. a b c d e 20. a b c d e	41. a b c d e 42. a b c d e 43. a b c d e 44. a b c d e 45. a b c d e	66. a b c d e 67. a b c d e 68. a b c d e 69. a b c d e 70. a b c d e
21. a b c d e 22. a b c d e 23. a b c d e 24. a b c d e	46. a b c d e 47. a b c d e 48. a b c d e 49. a b c d e	71. a b c d e 72. a b c d e 73. a b c d e 74. a b c d e

50. a b c d e

28

例題答案

中文統考卷範例 1. B 11. D 21. B 31. D 41. C 32. C 42. C 2. A 12. B 22. D 3. D 13. D 23. B 33. D 43. A 14. D 24. C 34. D 44. D 4. C 45. C 5. C 15. C 25. A 35. C 6. B 16. C 26. D 36. B 46. C 47. B 7. A 17. B 27. A 37. A 8. D 18. D 28. A 38. A 48. A 29. C 49. D 9. B 19. A 39. B 50. B 10. B 20. B 30. D 40. A 英文統考試範例 General English Exam(Past Paper) 1. c 10. d 37. b 46. c 55. a 64. c 19. c 28. a 2. b 11. a 20. a 29. d 38. b 47. a 56. b 65. c 12. b 57. d 66. b 3. c 21. b 30. b 39. a 48. d 58. c 67. b 4. a 13. d 22. d 31. c 40. a 49. a 59. d 5. d 14. c 23. b 32. b 41. b 50. d 68. c 6. a 15. a 24. b 33. d 42. d 51. d 60. b 69. a 7. b 16. a 25. b 34. c 43. a 52. b 61. d 70. c 8. d 26. a 35. a 44. a 53. a 62. d 71. d 17. b 27. c 45. d 63. c 72. c 9. b 18. c 36. c 54. d 數學統考試範例 General Mathematics Exam(Past Paper) 1. d 5. a 9. d 13. d 17. d 2. c 6. b 10. a 14. b 18. a 3. b 7. c 11. d 15. c 19. c

4. e

8. e

12. a

16. e

20. e